PLUS MINUS GRADI NG STUDY, FALL 1994, SPRI NG 1995, FALL 1995, AND SPRING 1996, AND FALL 1996 Prepared by Carol L. Gosselin University Planning and Analysis North Carolina State University 201 Peele, Campus Box 7002 Raleigh NC 27695-7002 J anuary 14, 1997 Please address any concerns or comments about this report to carol_gosselin@ncsu.edu Table of Contents Executive Summary A Short History of the Issue The Research Questions Addressed QUESTION 1: Frequency Distribution of Grades and Mean GPA, at Undergraduate and Graduate Level QUESTION 2: Was +/-Grading Used Consistently In Multiple Section Courses with a Common Final Examination? QUESTION 3: Proportion of Sections and Credit Hours using +/- Grading QUESTION 4: Effect on GPA Using +/- Grading QUESTION 5: Distribution of Differences in GPA, with A+ Given Value of 4.33 QUESTION 6: Segmentation of the Student Body With Respect to Academic Warning and Suspension QUESTION 7: Breakdown of Grades and Mean GPA by Semester
Executive Summary_ Plus/minus grading was implemented beginning with new students in the fall of $\overline{1} 994$. Instructors have the freedom to use $+/$ - or not to use it as appropriate. However, University policy states that students enrolled in each section of a multiple section course in which the material, the sequencing of its treatment, and the examinations are common to all sections should be graded on the same scale. To that end, the selection of the grading scale to use (i.e., $+/-$ or not) should be a common selection agreed to by every teacher of the course. This summary presents an analysis of the semesters and course sections where $+/$ - was used. The central research questions are the extent of utilization of +/and its effect on average GPAs of various student populations. Analysis of the effect cannot be directly accomplished since only grades are available, and not the quality of the student's activity or instructor's measurement in arriving at that grade. In this study, grades are 'adjusted' by removing pluses and minuses and recomputing the GPA. In 'adjusting' grades by removing pluses and minuses, we may not be accurately reflecting the grades which would have been received if the $+/-$ grading system did not exist. Without consulting each individual instructor about each individual student in each individual course, we cannot be sure that, for example, a B- would have been a B and not a C. Therefore, it is possible that our assumptions could have skewed the numbers slightly in one direction or another. The findings of this study include the following: * Plus and minus grades were not assigned evenly in the five semesters studied, in the fall of 1994, more + were assigned than -. For the other four semesters, there were more - assigned than +. * All but one of those multiple-section courses defined by University policy used $+/-$ grading consistently. The single exception used $+/$ - grading in one section for 2 of the 5 semesters analyzed. * The proportion of sections and credit hours using $+/$ - has been generally increasing. There is a broad variation in implementation among the individual colleges. * An increased value for A+ would have affected the GPA of some students. However, since more A-s than A+s are given in spring 1995, fall 1995, spring 1996, and fall 1996, some GPAs would not be increased, even with a higher value for A+. _A Short History of the Issue_ Chancellor Monteith, in a memorandum dated February 26, 1993, requested that the Office of the Provost develop strategies necessary to implement $+/-$ grading. The scale recommended by the Faculty Senate was adopted, in order that the faculty may discriminate more precisely among levels of academic performance, except that A+ will not have added value above 4.00 . The policy stated that the $+/-$ grades will be reflected on the transcripts of all students at the end of the fall 1994 semester. The values assigned to + and - will be part of the GPA calculation for all new undergraduate and graduate degree students who enroll in the summer and fall of 1994, and thereafter, and for all new or continuing UGS (undergraduate special) or PBS (post-baccalaureate special) students. However, +/- grades without grade points will be used for continuing undergraduate and graduate degree students whose first enrollment was prior to the summer and fall of 1994. This exemption will end in the 1998 fall semester, at which time all students will receive the grade points assigned to the +/- grades they receive. Concern was expressed by some students that the introduction of $+/$ - grading would significantly reduce grade point averages based on a report from an earlier experiment in which NCSU faculty could assign $+/-$ grades that did not appear on the transcript or effect GPAs. In the experiment, it appeared that twice as many minuses as pluses were assigned. The scale for $+/-$ grading is as follows: * A+ 4.00 * A 4.00 * A- 3.67 * B+3.33 * B 3.00 * B- 2.67 * C+ 2.33 * C 2.00 * C- 1.67 * D+ 1.33 * D 1.00 * D- 0.67 * F 0.00 The Research Questions Addressed The following data are presented in this report for both graduāte and undergraduate students to show the utilization of $+/-$ grading. 1. Frequency distribution of grades (Table 1). The tables show how many pluses and minuses were given in each semester. The assumption was that more pluses would be given than minuses. In all semesters studied except fall 1994, this is not the case. Also shown is the breakdown of grades and the mean GPA for each semester. 2. Consistency of use of + and - grades in multiple section courses (Question 2). There was a policy that stated that all students enrolled in each section of a multiple section course in which the material, the sequencing of its treatment, and the examinations are common to
all sections should be graded on the same scale. To that end, the selection of the grading scale to use (i.e., +/- or not) should be a common selection agreed to by every teacher of the course. Only one course was found that did not adhere to this policy over 2 of the 5 semesters analyzed. 3. Proportion of sections for which faculty assigned + and - grades and proportion of credit hours delivered in sections for which + and grades were assigned (Table 3). For items $2 \& 3$ involving proportions of sections and hours and consistency over multiple section courses, all registered students in the studied semesters were used in the calculations. The following data are presented as evidence of the effect of $+/-$ on various student populations. The direct comparison of grades with and without $+/$ - is problematic since such an analysis is not feasible given the need to determine intent of the instructor in assigning a grade. 1. Comparison between GPAs with and without plus and minus grades (Table 4). 2. Distribution of differences between GPA computed with +/- grades and with all A+ given a value of 4.33 . This would show if the lack of an increased value for $A+$ is the main reason for any significant differences in GPA (Table 5). 3. Segmentation of the student body at the end of each semester with respect to those whose GPA >=2.0 (3.0 for Graduate students), those on academic warning, and those suspended. The fall 1994, fall 1995, and fall 1996 cohorts are the population which is affected by +/- grading and, therefore, was used for items 4, 5, and 6, and for the frequency distributions of grades (Item 1). The relevant course data for these students, by individual student, was used for the fall 1994, spring 1995, fall 1995, spring 1996, and fall 1996 semesters. For each grade received, the quality points were calculated by multiplying the numeric value of the letter grade by the number of credit hours for the course. In items 4 and 6 , the 'adjusted' quality points were calculated using no + and - . For item 5 , the 'adjusted' quality points were calculated by assigning a value of 4.33 to A+, thus negating any effect of having no higher value added for A+. 4. Breakdown of Grades and Mean GPA by Semester for all students for the 21 semesters from fall 1986 through fall 1996, by graduate and undergraduate students. All grades in all classes were used in this analysis. Tables show the number of each grade received in each semester, and graphs show the comparison on the semesters. All plus and minus grades were counted in this analysis, even though there may have been some plus and minus grades awarded which were not included in the calculation of the student's GPA. A table and graph are included showing the progression of the GPA over the course of the 21 semesters for both graduate and undergraduate students. _QUESTION 1: Frequency Distribution of Grades and Mean GPA, at Undergraduate and Graduate Level_ The counts and percentages shown for each group of students are only for those students for whom $\overline{+} /-$ grading was used in calculating the GPA. 'Count' represents each instance of student and course where a grade was assigned. Except for fall 1994, more minuses were given than pluses. Many more A- grades were given than A+ grades. *Fall 1994 * *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Sign* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* 270989.92466994 .7 + 1545.17152 .7 - 1525.06642 .5 *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Grade* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* A+ 551.82240 .9 A 158252.5843832 .4 A- 1033.43371 .3 B+ 852.82911 .1 B 97532.3801530 .8 B- 351.22150 .8 C+ 13 0.41630 .6 C 1244.1462317 .7 C- 120.4950 .4 D+1 0.0370 .1 D 120.417346 .7 D- 20.1170 .1 F 16 0.518597 .1 *Spring 1995 * *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Sign* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* 245685.31885978 .7 + 2027.0241610 .1 - 2217.7270011 .3 *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Grade* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* A+ 943.3419 1.7 A 159555.4 6073 25.3 A- 1886.511134 .6 B+ 1033.610964 .6 B 78127.1577424 .1 B- 321.19924 .1 C+ 40.1726 3.0 C 732.5373315 .6 C- 00.04922 .1 D+ 10.01750 .7 D 40.113995 .8 D- 10.01030 .4 F 30.11880 7.8 *Fall 1995 * *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Sign* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* 3986 $77.73379778 .9+55210.842029 .8$ - 58911.5484811 .3 *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Grade* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* A+ 1993.98652 .0 A 253949.51118626 .1 A- 4879.51981 4.6 B+ 3246.317664 .1 B 128425.01042024 .3 B- $961.917514 .1 \mathrm{C}+260.512733 .0$ C 1292.56624 15.9 C- 60.18982 .1 D+ 30.12980 .7 D 80.223565 .5 D- 00.02180 .5 F 260.530117 .0 *Spring 1996 * *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Sign* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* 351379.13015176 .5 + 44310.0436911 .1 - 48811.0488012 .4 *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Grade* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* A+ 1703.89412 .4 A 222850.1925123 .5 A- 4099.220465 .2 B+ 2555.71930 4.9 B 111725.1950924 .1 B- 741.717454 .4 C+ 180.412133 .1 C 1353.0641316 .3 C- 50.18652 .2 D+ 00.02850 .7 D 140.322195 .6 D- 00.02240 .6 F 190.427597 .0 *Fall 1996 * *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Sign* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* $453477.04310076 .1+64911.0$ 6501 11.5-709 12.0706412 .5 *Graduate* *Undergraduate* *Grade* *Count* *Percentage* *Count* *Percentage* A+ 1703.89412 .4 A 222850.1925123 .5 A- 4099.220465 .2 B+ 2555.719304 .9 B 1117 25.1950924 .1 B- $741.717454 .4 \mathrm{C}+180.412133 .1$ C $1353.0641316 .3 \mathrm{C}-50.18652 .2$ D+ 00.0285 0.7 D 140.322195 .6 D- 00.02240 .6 F 190.427597 .0 The following tables show the mean GPA by semester for graduate and undergraduate students in the fall 1994, fall 1995, and fall 1996 cohorts,
students entering the university in those 3 semesters. These are the students who were affected by plus/minus grading. The first table shows the actual mean GPA, calculated by summing all of the quality points and dividing by the total credit hours. The second table shows the mean GPA computed the same way but without using the plusses and minuses. * Mean GPA by Semester for Graduate and Undergraduate Students in the Fall 1994, Fall 1995, and Fall 1996 Cohorts* *Semester* *Undergraduate GPA* *Graduate GPA* Fall 942.697 3.488 Spring 952.647 3.597 Fall 95 2.658 3.565 Spring 962.6553 .543 Fall 962.717 3.541 * Mean Adjusted GPA by Semester for Graduate and Undergraduate Students in the Fall 1994, Fall 1995, and Fall 1996 Cohorts* *Semester* *Undergraduate GPA* *Graduate GPA* Fall 942.7003 .495 Spring 952.658 3.610 Fall 952.6713 .580 Spring 962.668 3.559 Fall 962.7303 .559 QUESTION 2: Was +/- Grading Used Consistently In Multiple Section Courses with a Common Final Examination? In the +/implementation, the stated policy requires that plus and minus grades be used consistently in multiple section courses in which the material, the sequencing of its treatment, and the final examination are all common. Only one course, ACC 210, did not use +/- grading consistently. In fall 1994, no plus or minus grades were given in the 16 sections taught. In spring 1995, one C- was given in one section out of the 15 sections taught. In fall 1995, 6 C-'s and 3 A+'s were given in one section out of the 13 sections taught. In spring 1996 and fall 1996 , no plus or minus grades were given in the sections taught. _QUESTION 3: Proportion of Sections and Credit Hours using $+/-$ Grading _ The following tables, organized by college/school, show the proportion of total sections and total credit hours for which +/- grading was used in each semester, for graduate and undergraduate level courses. For most of the schools, an increase is evident each semester in the number of sections using +/- grading. *Percent of Sections Using +/- Grades by School - Graduate Level Courses* *School* *Name* *Fall 1994* *Spring 1995* *Fall 1995* *Spring 1996* *Fall 1996* 11 Ag \& Life Science 7.726 .313 .230 .023 .412 Design 45.550 .080 .075 .088 .913 Education \& Psychology 23.428 .445 .339 .848 .714 Engineering 23.835 .044 .644 .747 .615 Forest Resources 21.443 .8 31.3 27.8 27.8 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 27.849 .4 64.6 71.3 67.4 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 20.833 .352 .3 39.6 55.7 18 Textiles 8.314 .30 .020 .020 .019 Veterinary Medicine 13.3 0.0 26.7 17.7 27.3 20 Management 10.737 .142 .5 52.1 56.8 Totals 21.534 .445 .945 .750 .3 *Percent of Sections Using +/- Grades by School - Undergraduate Courses* *Schoo** *Name* *Fall 1994* *Spring 1995* *Fall 1995* *Spring 1996* *Fall 1996* 05 Administration 28.647 .356 .5 50.9 60.9 11 Ag \& Life Science 10.321 .824 .227 .327 .412 Design 32.7 76.3 79.1 81.4 89.7 13 Education \& Psychology 9.5 31.9 31.9 38.5 29.6 14 Engineering 7.919 .328 .828 .738 .415 Forest Resources 6.321 .922 .227 .944 .716 Humanities \& Social Sciences 18.452 .539 .560 .261 .117 Physical \& Math Sciences 4.931 .630 .539 .4 38.818 Textiles 6.526 .113 .510 .820 .019 Veterinary Medicine 0.033 .30 .033 .30 .020 Management 7.9 29.037 .9 31.9 38.4 Totals 13.541 .246 .148 .2 49.4 For most of the schools, an increase is evident each semester in the number of credit hours using +/- grading. Where the percentage of credit hours is greater than the percentage of sections for the same school in the same semester, we can assume that the larger sections are the ones that are using +/- grading. Likewise, if the percentage of credit hours is less than the percentage of sections for the same school in the same semester, we can assume that the smaller sections are the ones that are using +/- grading. *Percent of Credit Hours Using +/- Grades by School - Graduate Level Courses* *School* *Name* *Fall 1994* *Spring 1995* *Fall 1995* *Spring 1996* *Fall 1996* 11 Ag \& Life Science 18.831 .621 .931 .024 .212 Design 40.763 .195 .1 89.3 94.813 Education \& Psychology 22.825 .653 .546 .460 .714 Engineering 29.443 .256 .554 .457 .215 Forest Resources 17.027 .935 .0 21.635 .516 Humanities \& Social Sciences 35.053 .974 .477 .774 .817 Physical \& Math Sciences 23.138 .8 60.257 .161 .818 Textiles 19.710 .70 .022 .221 .819 Veterinary Medicine 23.40 .024 .11 .117 .320 Management 9.2 28.0 36.642 .9 45.2 Totals 24.432 .449 .243 .549 .0 *Percent of Credit Hours Using +/Grades by School - Undergraduate Courses* *School* *Name* *Fall 1994* *Spring 1995* *Fall 1995* *Spring 1996* *Fall 1996* 05 Administration 31.762 .157 .445 .870 .711 Ag \& Life Science 13.117 .718 .0 25.518 .912 Design 49.582 .786 .691 .498 .013 Education \& Psychology 3.513 .536 .337 .227 .214 Engineering 11.421 .828 .224 .947 .815 Forest Resources 3.026 .835 .4 34.1 42.3 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 23.974 .174 .976 .172 .917 Physical \& Math Sciences 4.234 .732 .443 .954 .118 Textiles 25.9 58.8 27.2 32.5 25.7 19 Veterinary Medicine 0.046 .60 .012 .90 .020 Management 7.3 49.564 .155 .861 .9 Totals 13.749 .747 .452 .1 55.1_ QUESTION 4: Effect on GPA Using +/- Grading_ The effect on GPA was calculated by starting with the actual GPA and subtracting a GPA computed by removing all +'s and -'s and assigning a numerical value to the resulting grade. A negative difference implies that the actual GPA using $+/-$ grading is lower than it would have been without $+/$ - grading. In this case, the student received more than +. A positive difference implies that the actual GPA using +/- grading is higher than it would have been without $+/-$ grading. In this case, the student received more + than -. Of course there is no way of knowing if a $B+$ would have been an $B$ instead of an $A$. The assumption is that a $B+$ would have been a $B$.

The percent of students in each column category is recorded here. It is important to remember that this is analysis of apparent effect, the intent of instructor in assigning original grade cannot be construed from this data. There is, of course, a wide variation in the size of the population among the colleges. The population used in these calculations is increasing in size over time, since it includes only those students eligible for +/- grading, a number which increases with each new cohort after fall 1994. The majority of students showed no difference in this calculation. Plus/minus grading produced a lower GPA for about 11\% of the graduate students and 11\% of the undergraduate students in fall 1994, 15\% of the graduate students and $33 \%$ of the undergraduate students in spring 1995, $20 \%$ of the graduate students and $33 \%$ of the undergraduate students in fall 1995, 20\% of the graduate students and $34 \%$ of the undergraduate students in spring 1996, and $22 \%$ of the graduate students and $34 \%$ of the undergraduate students in fall 1996. The group with a higher GPA using +/- grading has also increased over time starting with 7\% of graduate students and $8 \%$ of undergraduate students in fall 1994, increasing to $11 \%$ of graduate students and $23 \%$ of undergraduate students by fall 1996. *Fall 1994 * *Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *.333 to $-.250 *^{*}-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration -- PBS 7.40 .888 .43 .311 Ag \& Life Science 0.05 .6 90.2 4.2 12 Design 9.1 13.6 63.613 .613 Education \& Psychology 4.84 .885 .5 4.814 Engineering 1.15.3 85.6 8.0 15 Forest Resources 0.04 .3 89.4 6.4 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 2.515 .375 .46 .817 Physical \& Math Sciences 1.411 .5 84.2 2.918 Textiles 0.07 .590 .02 .519 Veterinary Medicine 1.1 28.7 48.9 21.3 20 Management 0.83 .2 89.6 6.4 Totals 2.48 .282 .56 .9 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *_{-.} 250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* Administration - Undeclared 0.310 .8 82.5 6.4 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.011 .382 .16 .612 Design 0.0 21.065 .913 .013 Education \& Psychology 0.611 .078 .010 .414 Engineering 0.4 8.2 84.0 7.515 Forest Resources 0.5 8.7 84.8 6.0 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.114 .174 .411 .417 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.06 .7 86.6 6.7 18 Textiles 0.08 .686 .64 .719 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .0100 .00 .020 Management 0.0 9.5 83.2 7.3 Totals 0.2 10.4 81.7 7.7 *Spring 1995 * *Percent of Graduate students* *School* *Name* *. 333 to $-.250 * *_{-} .250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration -- PBS 10.8 4.7 78.4 6.1 11 Ag \& Life Science 2.9 8.6 80.7 7.9 12 Design 4.3 29.8 61.7 4.3 13 Education \& Psychology 1.98 .987 .3 1.914 Engineering 1.910 .4 80.3 7.3 15 Forest Resources 9.3 14.0 67.49 .316 Humanities \& Social Sciences 7.019 .357 .915 .817 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.718 .774 .16 .518 Textiles 0.05 .686 .18 .319 Veterinary Medicine 1.1 1.1 97.7 0.0 20 Management 1.7 10.7 78.5 9.1 Totals 3.611 .178 .37 .0 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250>* *_{\text {- }} .250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* Administration - Undeclared 2.025 .749 .722 .611 Ag \& Life Science 0.2 29.4 50.5 19.9 12 Design 3.941 .733 .1 21.3 13 Education \& Psychology 0.638 .339 .4 21.7 14 Engineering 0.430 .843 .525 .315 Forest Resources 0.037 .041 .4 21.5 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.638 .936 .224 .317 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.431 .248 .819 .618 Textiles 0.936 .936 .425 .819 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .00 .00 .020 Management 0.430 .945 .3 23.4 Totals 0.732 .044 .522 .9 *Fall 1995 * *Percent of Graduate students* *School* *Name* *-. 333 to -.250 * *-. 250 to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration -PBS 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 11 Ag \& Life Science 1.77 .7 82.6 8.0 12 Design 11.0 19.5 35.4 34.1 13 Education \& Psychology 9.710 .372 .67 .414 Engineering 3.516 .268 .911 .515 Forest Resources 9.311 .667 .411 .616 Humanities \& Social Sciences 12.020 .652 .415 .017 Physical \& Math Sciences 1.621 .861 .515 .118 Textiles 3.65 .4 83.9 7.1 19 Veterinary Medicine 1.120 .467 .411 .020 Management 4.314 .968 .112 .8 Totals 5.315 .267 .512 .0 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to -. 250 * *.250 to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.3 28.4 51.0 20.3 12 Design 2.138 .2 33.7 26.0 13 Education \& Psychology 1.228 .949 .6 20.4 14 Engineering 0.331 .148 .020 .615 Forest Resources 0.929 .3 49.9 20.0 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.836 .836 .725 .717 Physical \& Math Sciences 2.329 .748 .219 .918 Textiles 1.030 .846 .521 .619 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .0100 .00 .020 Management 0.935 .341 .9 21.9 31 First Year College 0.240 .233 .1 26.5 Totals 0.732 .544 .822 .0 *Spring 1996 * *Percent of Graduate students* *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *_{-.} 250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration -- PBS 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 11 Ag \& Life Science 3.412 .978 .05 .712 Design 17.023 .948 .9 10.2 13 Education \& Psychology 5.616 .368 .69 .514 Engineering 5.016 .371 .17 .6 15 Forest Resources 6.513 .070 .1 10.4 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 14.815 .250 .020 .017 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.917 .470 .011 .718 Textiles 0.012 .866 .720 .519 Veterinary Medicine 0.60 .698 .30 .620 Management 1.013 .867 .3 17.9 Totals 5.214 .370 .210 .3 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* $11 \mathrm{Ag} \&$ Life Science 0.230 .4 50.5 18.9 12 Design 2.341 .828 .527 .313 Education \& Psychology 0.933 .542 .123 .514 Engineering 0.6 30.045 .324 .115 Forest Resources 1.1 30.8 46.4 21.7 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 1.038 .637 .522 .9 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.837 .738 .722 .818 Textiles 0.333 .947 .518 .419 Veterinary Medicine 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 20 Management 0.637 .1 37.9 24.4 31 First Year College 0.1 38.4 35.5 26.0 Totals 0.633 .8
43.022 .6 *Fall 1996 * *Percent of Graduate students* *School* *Name* *-. 333 to -.250 * *-. 250 to 0 * *No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration -- PBS 50.0 0.0 25.0 25.0 11 Ag \& Life Science 3.1 8.9 77.7 10.3 12 Design 11.925 .245 .9 17.0 13 Education \& Psychology 7.714 .668 .8 8.9 14 Engineering 5.3 15.969 .7 9.2 15 Forest Resources 1.813 .670 .913 .616 Humanities \& Social Sciences 6.722 .056 .914 .5 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 1.816 .473 .2 8.6 18 Textiles 3.819 .275 .01 .919 Veterinary Medicine 0.4 18.763 .4 17.5 20 Management 3.424 .1 58.6 13.9 Totals 4.816 .867 .011 .4 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* *Positive effect* 07 Administration 7.7 0.0 92.3 0.0 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.229 .949 .5 20.4 12 Design 4.139 .033 .223 .713 Education \& Psychology 0.831 .445 .522 .314 Engineering 0.532 .744 .122 .715 Forest Resources 0.4 27.450 .7 21.6 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 1.337 .036 .7 25.0 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.931 .8 48.518 .918 Textiles 0.432 .043 .823 .819 Veterinary Medicine 0.0 8.3 91.7 0.0 20 Management 0.935 .6 39.6 23.8 31 First Year College 0.3 38.5 34.7 26.4 Totals 0.733 .443 .122 .8 _QUESTION 5: Distribution of Differences in GPA, with A+ Given Value of 4.33 The potential effect of giving A+ a value of 4.33 was calculated by computing the student's GPA with $\bar{A}+$ given a value of 4.33 , to conform to the $+/-$ grades used for B, C, D, and F, and then subtracting the result from the recorded GPA using +/- grading, as defined. A negative difference implies that the actual GPA is lower than it would have been with A+ having a higher value. The percent of students in each column category is recorded here. It is important to remember that this is analysis of apparent effect, since the intent of instructor in assigning original grade cannot be construed from this data. With the addition of a value of 4.33 for $\mathrm{A}+$, about $4 \%$ of the graduate students and $4 \%$ of the undergraduate students in fall 1994 would see an increase in the GPA with +/grading. The figures for spring 1995 are about 7\% for graduate students and $7 \%$ for undergraduate students, for fall 1995 about 7\% for graduate students and 11\% for undergraduate students, for spring 1996 about 8\% for graduate students and 9\% for undergraduate students, and for fall 1996 about 9\% for graduate students and 11\% for undergraduate students. *Fall 1994 * *Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* 07 Administration - PBS 1.7 0.0 98.311 Ag \& Life Science 0.01 .498 .612 Design 0.011 .488 .613 Education \& Psychology 0.01 .298 .814 Engineering 0.05 .3 94.7 15 Forest Resources 2.1 4.3 93.6 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.85 .194 .117 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.04 .395 .718 Textiles 0.010 .090 .019 Veterinary Medicine 1.12 .196 .820 Management 0.0 3.2 96.8 Totals 0.4 3.6 96.0 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *.333 to $-.250 *^{*}{ }^{-} .250$ to $0^{*} *$ No difference $*^{*}$ Administration - Undeclared 0.0 5.9 94.1 $11 \mathrm{Ag} \&$ Life Science 0.03 .796 .312 Design 7.25 .1 87.7 13 Education \& Psychology 0.05 .294 .814 Engineering 0.0 3.896 .215 Forest Resources 0.04 .9 95.1 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.1 2.7 97.2 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.00 .799 .318 Textiles 0.04 .395 .719 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .0100 .020 Management 0.2 1.8 98.0 Totals 0.23 .796 .1 *Spring 1995 * *Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $.250 * *>-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* 07 Administration - PBS 1.3 0.0 98.7 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.7 3.6 95.712 Design 2.14 .393 .613 Education \& Psychology 1.3 3.894 .914 Engineering 1.513 .984 .615 Forest Resources 0.04 .795 .316 Humanities \& Social Sciences 1.81 .896 .517 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.0 10.1 89.9 18 Textiles 0.02 .897 .219 Veterinary Medicine 1.1 0.0 98.9 20 Management 0.05 .095 .0 Totals 1.05 .793 .3 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to -.250 * *-. 250 to 0 * *No difference* Administration - Undeclared 1.0 7.7 91.3 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.3 5.7 94.0 12 Design 0.0 10.289 .813 Education \& Psychology 0.011 .7 88.3 14 Engineering 0.0 7.592 .515 Forest Resources 0.0 5.594 .516 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.1 6.6 93.3 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.4 9.6 90.0 18 Textiles 0.03 .796 .319 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .00 .020 Management 1.6 2.4 96.1 Totals 0.46 .693 .0 *Fall 1995 * *Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* 11 Ag \& Life Science 1.1 7.6 91.3 12 Design 5.715 .978 .413 Education \& Psychology 1.64 .294 .114 Engineering 2.1 11.8 86.1 15 Forest Resources 0.0 5.2 94.8 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.53 .396 .2 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.5 8.5 91.1 18 Textiles 0.05 .194 .919 Veterinary Medicine 0.00 .699 .420 Management 1.0 5.6 93.4 Totals 1.36 .991 .8 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *.333 to $-.250 *^{*} *_{-} .250$ to $0>^{*} *$ No difference* 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.0 7.1 92.9 12 Design 0.8 19.1 80.1 13 Education \& Psychology 0.07 .292 .814 Engineering 0.48 .990 .715 Forest Resources 0.38 .890 .916 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.3 8.6 91.1 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.5 10.2 89.3 18 Textiles 0.34 .8 94.919 Veterinary Medicine 0.0 0.0 0.0 20 Management 0.35 .993 .831 First Year College 0.020 .279 .8 Totals 0.29 .190 .7 *Spring $1996 * *$ Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to -.250 * *.250 to $0 * *$ No difference* $11 \mathrm{Ag} \&$ Life Science 0.72 .896 .512 Design 3.7 4.9 91.5 13 Education \& Psychology 2.96 .2 90.9 14 Engineering 1.2 12.7 86.1 15 Forest Resources 1.2 4.7 94.2 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 1.7 2.695 .717 Physical \& Math Sciences 1.6 7.1 91.3 18 Textiles 0.01 .898 .219 Veterinary Medicine 0.0 5.0 95.0 20 Management 1.76.4 91.9 Totals 1.56 .691 .9 *Percent of

Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *>$ No difference* 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.15 .694 .212 Design 0.78 .890 .513 Education \& Psychology 0.35 .893 .914 Engineering 0.2 8.1 91.7 15 Forest Resources 0.3 3.5 96.2 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.6 8.1 91.3 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.0 8.0 92.0 18 Textiles 0.01 .898 .219 Veterinary Medicine 33.3 0.0 66.7 20 Management 0.4 4.8 94.8 31 First Year College 0.021 .8 78.2 Totals 0.3 8.1 91.7 *Fall 1996 * *Percent of Graduate students * *School* *Name* *-. 333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* 07 Administration 0.00 .0100 .011 Ag \& Life Science 0.3 1.4 98.3 12 Design 3.725 .271 .113 Education \& Psychology 2.6 7.589 .914
Engineering 1.6 8.2 90.2 15 Forest Resources 0.94 .594 .516 Humanities \& Social Sciences 1.65 .193 .317 Physical \& Math Sciences 2.58 .988 .618 Textiles 0.01 .998 .119 Veterinary Medicine 0.010 .689 .420 Management 0.45 .1 94.5 Totals 1.57 .591 .1 *Percent of Undergraduate Students * *School* *Name* *_ .333 to $-.250 * *-.250$ to $0 * *$ No difference* 07 Administration 6.3 12.5 81.2 11 Ag \& Life Science 0.36 .3 93.412 Design 1.818 .1 80.1 13 Education \& Psychology 0.411 .688 .014 Engineering 0.39 .490 .215 Forest Resources 0.417 .3 82.3 16 Humanities \& Social Sciences 0.3 9.0 90.7 17 Physical \& Math Sciences 0.013 .586 .518 Textiles 0.05 .294 .819 Veterinary Medicine 8.30 .091 .720 Management 0.26 .093 .831 First Year College 0.023 .276 .8 Totals 0.310 .389 .4 _QUESTION 6: Segmentation of the Student Body With Respect to Academic Warning and Suspension_ ${ }^{*} *$ The following tables, organized by undergraduate and graduate students, show the segmentation of the students with respect to academic warning, suspension, and probation for each semester. Only those students for whom + and - grades are part of the GPA calculation are included in these tables. The "calculated" GPA was computed by adding the quality points for each course (using +/- grading) and dividing by the total credit hours taken at that point. The "adjusted" GPA was computed the same way, but without using +/- grading. Transfer hours, if present, were then added to the total credit hours taken to find the total hours for each student. The students were then divided into categories (Academic Warning, Suspension, and Probation) based on the policies in the Advisor's Handbook for 1994-1995. This policy is no longer in effect, but provides a clear delineation of the population. For undergraduates, the difference in segmentation from the calculated GPA to the adjusted GPA is less than 1\% for each category. For graduates, the difference is as high as $1.6 \%$ for fall 1996. Therefore, it appears that the use of $+/$ - grading is having an impact on a small percentage of this population. *Fall 1994* *Undergraduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Academic Warning I 6.6\% 6.4\% Academic Warning II 1.8\% 1.9\% Suspension 11.1\% 10.9\% > 2.0 80.6\% 80.9\% *Graduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Probation 9.2\% 7.8\% > 3.0 90.8\% 92.2\% *Spring 1995* *Undergraduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Academic Warning I 7.4\% 7.0\% Academic Warning II 1.7\% 1.8\% Suspension 10.5\% 10.3\% > 2.0 80.4\% 81.0\% *Graduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Probation 7.5\% 6.1\% > 3.0 92.5\% 93.9\% *Fall 1995* *Undergraduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Academic Warning I 7.4\% 7.0\% Academic Warning II 1.8\% 1.9\% Suspension 11.0\% 10.8\% > 2.0 79.7\% 80.3\% *Graduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Probation 7.6\% 6.2\% > 3.0 92.4\% 93.8\% *Spring 1996* *Undergraduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Academic Warning I 7.3\% 7.0\% Academic Warning II 1.9\% 1.9\% Suspension 12.1\% 11.8\% > 2.0 78.8\% 79.3\% *Graduate* *Status<* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Probation 7.7\% 6.6\% > 3.0 92.3\% 93.4\% *Fall 1996* *Undergraduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Academic Warning I 6.3\% 5.7\% Academic Warning II 2.0\% 1.9\% Suspension 11.8\% 11.7\% > 2.0 79.9\% 80.7\% *Graduate* *Status* *Calculated GPA* *Adjusted GPA* Probation 9.2\% 6.6\% > 3.0 91.8\% 93.4\% QUESTION 7: Breakdown of Grades and Mean GPA by Semester_The following tables show the breakdown of grades for undergraduate and graduate classes for each of the 21 semesters from fall 1986 through fall 1996. All plus and minus grades are included in these totals, whether or not the student actually received the point value assigned to plusses and minuses. *Undergraduate * *Sem* *A+* *A* *A* *B+* *B* *B-* *C+* *C* *C-* *D+* *D* *D-* *F* F86 18561261151961665386882 S 8728098 240941776354884052 F87 20089263461932458866397 S88 18994279101798951455576 F88 21914 274911972560756683 S89 20415254631757951875452 F89 2235727556192896031655059021615 262351769954265384 F90 23999282581956061156051 S91 22705267641775755885238 F91 26048 299571932260455958 S92 25065276971776256435358 F92 2728229398187875673569359325751 270631713951345344 F93 27852289361832053605835 S94 25300265321671950645465 F94 797 25728136210812652296562117089419121559085631359514122022439113270205353195 208612780159953540413195569 F95 1605229694379359621269378325481321517095314217 4255636 S96 18482006343873818192573412227312012168249137983884479 F96 220921871 46704038213053701257712838185765840724625463 *Graduate * *Sem* *A+* * A* *A-* *B+* *B* *B-* *C+* *C* *C-* *D+* *D* *D-* *F* F86 3988315856763116 S87 3917279350650109 F87 3975307556141125 S88 4004266747245118 F88 41473133535751465894051274850354129 across the 21 semesters from fall 1986 through fall 1996. The second graph shows the distribution of plus/minus grades for the undergraduates for the 5 semesters in which it was used. Below is a graphic representation of the distribution of grades for graduate students across the 21 semesters, where plusses and minuses are ignored. It shows the distribution of A's, B's, C's, D's, F's across the 21 semesters from fall 1986 through fall 1996. The second graph shows the distribution of plus/minus grades for the graduate students for the 5 semesters in which it was used. The following table shows the mean GPA calculated using all plus and minus grades over the 21 semesters from fall 1986 through fall 1996, for both undergraduate and graduate students. All plus and minus grades were used in these calculations. However, there were probably some students who received plus and minus grades for whom the value associated with these grades was not used in the computation of their individual semester GPA. Following the table is a graphical representation of the changes in GPA over the 21 semesters for undergraduate and graduate students. *Semester* *Undergraduate GPA* *Graduate GPA* F86 2.4943 .366 S87 2.537 3.382 F87 2.552 3.373 S88 2.586 3.401 F88 2.568 3.371 S89 2.621 3.394 F89 2.600 3.395 S90 2.6423 .418 F90 2.638 3.437 S91 2.663 3.433 F91 2.6673 .427 S 922.701 3.455 F92 $2.7043 .446 \mathrm{S93} 2.7273 .478$ F93 2.726 3.461 S94 2.720 3.521 F94 2.696 3.459 S95 2.716 3.512 F95 2.736 3.537 S96 2.769 3.536 F96 2.744 3.529

