## Quick Tips: Resources and How to Cite Them

	Scholarly	Popular
Author	<ul> <li>Academic credentials</li> <li>Lists affiliations</li> <li>In an expert in the field</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No credentials or affiliations listed</li> <li>Anonymous</li> <li>Journalist or editor</li> </ul>
Publisher	<ul> <li>College or University Press</li> <li>Discipline-specific journal or society</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mass-market publisher</li> <li>Newspaper</li> <li>magazine</li> </ul>
References	<ul> <li>Footnotes</li> <li>Endnotes</li> <li>Bibliography</li> <li>Works cited</li> </ul>	• none of these
Audience	<ul> <li>Researchers</li> <li>Faculty</li> <li>Students</li> <li>Specialists</li> </ul>	<ul><li>General audience</li><li>Non-specialists</li></ul>
Content	<ul> <li>Original research (abstract, methodology, etc)</li> <li>In-depth analysis</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Descriptive</li><li>Reporting</li></ul>

## Citing, APA style:

For complete citation and style guidelines, see the Publication Manual of the APA (6<sup>th</sup> ed.) in your library, or check out the Purdue Online Writing Lab: <u>https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/</u>

Basic guidelines: YOU MUST CITE ALL YOUR SOURCES, both in-text and in a reference list!

In-text citations: (Author, year, p.#)

Reference List, Books:

Last, F. M. (year). Title of work: Capital letter after colon. Location: Publisher.

Reference List, Article from an online journal:

Last, F. M. (year). Title of article. *Title of Online Periodical, volume #* (issue #), page range. Retrieved from url

## Navigating the Library homepage

